

# ORANGE HIGH SCHOOL

## ASSESSMENT TASK NOTIFICATION

Subject	Physics
Year	12 (HSC)
Weighting	35%
Teacher	J. Percival
Head Teacher	J. Huggett
Date given	Week 6B, Term 4, 2023
Date and school week	Week 8B, Term 4, 2023

## Assessment Outline

### PART 1 – Conducting a scientific investigation to gather data (Completed in Class)

- You are required to design and conduct a scientific investigation to answer a scientific research question on projectile motion.
- Students are to develop their own inquiry question and hypothesis to be investigated.
- Carry out a risk assessment on the investigation.
- The practical investigation may be conducted in groups.

### PART 2 – Scientific Research Report

• Students will then be required to analyse and interpret the data collected from the scientific investigation on projectile motion and present it in the format of a formal written scientific report (see provided scaffold), including a detailed analysis as their discussion (as specified in the scaffold).

#### Non-completion of Task:

If you know you are going to be away on the day that the task is due, you must make alternative arrangements with your classroom teacher. If you are away on the day of the examination, you must catch up with your classroom teacher on the first day you return to make alternate arrangements to catch up on this task.

#### Failure to follow the above procedures may result in a zero award.

#### Outcomes Assessed

PH12-1: Develops and evaluates questions and hypotheses for scientific investigation

PH12-2: Designs and evaluates investigations in order to obtain primary and secondary data and information

PH12-3: Conducts investigations to collect valid and reliable primary and secondary data and information

PH12-5: Analyses and evaluates primary and secondary data and information

**PH12-6**: Solves scientific problems using primary and secondary data, critical thinking skills and scientific processes **PH12-12**: Describes and analyses qualitatively and quantitatively circular motion and motion in a gravitational field, in particular, the projectile motion of particles

## Year 12 HSC Physics Assessment Task 1

## **PRACTICAL FIRST-HAND INVESTIGATION**

## **Projectile Motion**

## Due Date: Friday 1st December 2023, Week 8, Term 4

## Task Overview:

This task contains two parts.

## PART 1 – Conducting a scientific investigation to gather data

- a. You are required to design and conduct a scientific investigation to answer a scientific research question on projectile motion.
- b. Students are to develop their own inquiry question and hypothesis to be investigated.
- c. Carry out a risk assessment on the investigation.
- d. The practical investigation may be conducted in groups.

## PART 2 – Formal investigation report

Students will then be required to analyse and interpret the data collected from the scientific investigation and present it in the format of a formal written scientific report (see provided scaffold), including a detailed analysis as their discussion (as specified in the scaffold).

## Syllabus Outcomes:

PH12-1 Develops and evaluates questions and hypotheses for scientific investigation

PH12-2 Designs and evaluates investigations in order to obtain primary and secondary data and information

PH12-3 Conducts investigations to collect valid and reliable primary and secondary data and information

PH12-5 Analyses and evaluates primary and secondary data and information

PH12-6 Solves scientific problems using primary and secondary data, critical thinking skills and scientific processes

**PH12-12** Describes and analyses qualitatively and quantitatively circular motion and motion in a gravitational field, in particular, the projectile motion of particles

#### Content:

Students:

- Apply the modelling of projectile motion to quantitatively derive the relationships between the following variables:
  - initial velocity
  - launch angle
  - maximum height
  - time of flight
  - final velocity
  - launch height
  - horizontal range of the projectile (ACSPH099)
- Conduct a practical investigation to collect primary data in order to validate the relationships derived above.

## Scientific Report Writing Scaffold:

To write your formal scientific report you must include the following:

**Abstract** – An abbreviated version of your final report, usually only one paragraph in length. An abstract should have the following five pieces:

- **Introduction**. This is where you describe the purpose of the investigation with reference to background research surrounding the topic being investigated.
- **Problem Statement**. Identify the hypothesis that was investigated.
- **Procedures**. What was your approach for investigating the problem? Don't go into detail about materials unless they were critical to your success. Do describe the most important variables.
- **Results**. What answer did you obtain? Be specific and use numbers to describe your results. Do not use vague terms like "most" or "some."
- **Conclusions**. State what the investigation contributes to the area you worked in. Did you meet your objectives?

Aim - What was the purpose of the investigation?

**Literature Review** – A literature review is a critical account of what has been published on a topic by accredited researchers. It should provide a clear statement of the topic area (scope), a range of research on the topic, provide an indication of what further research is necessary and identify areas of controversy in the literature. Reviewing the literature requires four stages:

- 1. Problem formulation Which topic is being examined and why? What aspects will be included/excluded? Define your scope.
- 2. Literature search Identifying relevant research
- 3. Critical analysis Criticise the experts; identify conflicting evidence, assumptions, errors and misconceptions
- 4. Evaluation which authors are most convincing and provide the most significant scientific contribution? Have I conducted a fair and objective literature review?

**Hypothesis** - A tentative explanation for an observed phenomenon, expressed as a precise and unambiguous statement that can be supported or refuted by investigation. A hypothesis is based on prior knowledge and clearly identifies how the independent variable will affect the dependent variable.

**Equipment list** – A detailed list of all equipment used to perform the investigation.

**Variables Identified** – Correctly identify the variables in the experiment including; independent, dependent and controlled variables. Indicate your control as well (the thing you're comparing to)

**Risk Assessment** – Students are to conduct a risk assessment of the investigation. At least 3 risks should be included, and three control measures. The risk assessment should be presented as a table. (see below)

Hazard:	Risk:	Control Measure:
Hazard 1		
Hazard 2		
Hazard 3		

**Method** – As a class we will create a method to conduct the investigation. You must include the method in your report. Your method will need to include any changes that were made to the way the investigation was conducted. It should be in step form, provide clear logical instructions, include how/what equipment is used to collect the data, and include repetition.

Results (table) - First-hand data should be presented in an appropriate table. All tables should be labelled.

**Results (graphs)** – Make sure that your graphs have appropriate heading, labels on the axis, even scales, and appropriate units. You may draw your graphs using a computer program (excel) or by hand. All graphs should be labelled.

**Discussion -** This is the section in which you analyse your results. Your discussion should have at least 4 sections.

<u>Section 1:</u> This is the section in which you interpret your results. You should refer directly to the data that was gathered and analyse it using your graph. You should look for trends and discuss why they have occurred. You can link this to your background research to further indicate your understanding of why this trend has occurred.

<u>Section 2:</u> This is the section in which you analyse the accuracy and precision of the data you collected. It is a good idea to give a definition of each term before you start discussing how your investigation performed. You also need to make sure that you provide evidence (specific examples) of how your investigation was/wasn't accurate or precise. You should also include how you could improve the investigation to increase accuracy and precision.

<u>Section 3:</u> This is the section in which you analyse the reliability of the data you collected. It is a good idea to give a definition of the term before you start discussing how your investigation performed. You also need to make sure that you provide evidence (specific examples) of how your investigation was/wasn't reliable. You should also include how you could improve the investigation to increase reliability.

<u>Section 4:</u> This is the section in which you analyse the validity of the data you collected. It is a good idea to give a definition of the term before you start discussing how your investigation performed. You also need to make sure that you provide evidence (specific examples) of how your investigation was/wasn't valid. You should also include how you could improve the investigation to increase validity.

**Conclusion** – A paragraph summarising the main findings of the investigation. A concluding paragraph should refer to the aim of the investigation and state whether the hypothesis was proven or disproved, and the consequences/implications of this. Your conclusion may identify an area of potential future research based on your investigation. Your conclusion should always be based on evidence and refer directly to evidence from your investigation.

**Reference list** – This is where you include any references that you used/referred to in your investigation. You should try to use references in your background information section and in your discussion. A good reference style is APA.

Please use a website like the follow to simplify the process: <u>https://www.citethisforme.com/</u>

**Appendix/appendices** – An appendix is always included in a scientific investigation. An appendix is where you include any calculations (if any) that you made during your investigation, any additional data that you collected, your raw data collected in the investigation (this is where you put your messy table from when you actually conducted the investigation), any additional data manipulation that isn't required in the main results section. You can also include pictures of your investigation set up.

## Marking Rubric: Practical first-hand investigation

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

Criteria:	Extensive	Thorough	Sound	Basic	Elementary
(mark)	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
1.	• Sophisticated title given (uses scientific language),		Interesting title given and		Simple title given and aim given
	detailed scientific aim given, includes the		a scientific aim given,		
Title and Aim	independent and dependent variable		includes either the		
			independent or		
			dependent variable		
	3 marks		2 marks		1 mark
2.	<ul> <li>The abstract extensively shows an understanding</li> </ul>	The abstract is thorough and has all	The abstract is sound and	The abstract is a basic	The abstract is simplistic, generally
	of the investigation, a summary of the method	the required elements but depth is	has the basis of a general	statement of the	describe the investigation, missing
Abstract	used, key results and a conclusion	somewhat detail	description of the	investigation or is missing	various elements
			investigation	parts and is in general	
				terms	
	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
3.	<ul> <li>Clear explanation of the project.</li> </ul>	Clear explanation of project. Detailed	Explanation of project	Explanation of project.	Explanation of project given. No
	<ul> <li>Detailed and sophisticated explanation of the</li> </ul>	explanation of the topic area of study.	given. Explanation of	Basic explanation of the	scientific information present. At
Literature	topic area of study.	4 relevant pieces of information given.	topic area of study. 3	topic area. Less than 2	elementary level.
Review	• 4 or more relevant pieces of scientific information	At a thorough level.	relevant pieces of	pieces of information given.	
	given. At an extensive level.		information given. At a	At a basic level.	
		4 marks	sound level.		
	5 marks		3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
4.	<ul> <li>Predict what you think will happen.</li> </ul>				Any one of the previous points
	• State how the changing the independent variable				
Hypothesis	will affect the dependent variable				
					1 mark
5.	<ul> <li>Controlled variables – correct (4 or more)</li> </ul>	Any 4 of the previous at thorough	Any 3 of the previous at	Any 2 of the previous at	Any 1 of the previous at
Verieble in	<ul> <li>Independent variable – correct</li> <li>Dependent variable – correct</li> </ul>	level.	sound level.	basic level.	elementary level.
variable in	Dependent variable – correct				
the	Scientific language used     At an extensive level				
investigation	• At all extensive level.	1 marks	2 marks	2 marks	1 mark
6	Sophisticated and completed list of all equipment		List of most of the		Simple list of some of the
5. Equipment	used		equipment used		equipment used
list	3 marks		2 marks		1 mark
7.	List all safety issues (3 or more) with conducting the	List all safety issues (3 or more) with	List some safety issues (2)	List some safety issues (2)	List some safety issues (1) with
	investigation	conducting the investigation	with conducting the	with conducting the	conducting the investigation
Risk	Explain how each issue was solved or reduced	Explain how each issue was solved or	investigation	investigation	Attempts to explain how issue was
Assessment	At an extensive level.	reduced	Explain how each issue	Attempts to explain how	solved or reduced
		At a thorough level.	was solved or reduced	each issue was solved or	At an elementary level.
			At a sound level.	reduced	
				At a basic level.	
	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark

8.	Clear and logical method in third person	Any 4 of the previous at thorough	Any 3 of the previous at	Any 2 of the previous at	Any 1 of the previous at
	• Need to be in correct order, detailed and in	level.	sound level.	basic level.	elementary level.
Method	numbered steps				
	<ul> <li>Include how the dependent variable will be</li> </ul>	No use of "I" or "we".			
	measured, along with any other variables				
	<ul> <li>Include how many times the experiment will be</li> </ul>				
	repeated				
	<ul> <li>Scientific terms used and at an extensive level. No</li> </ul>				
	use of "I" or "we". (past tense)				
	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
9.	<ul> <li>Presented in an appropriate table</li> </ul>	Any 4 of the previous at thorough	Any 3 of the previous at	Any 2 of the previous at	Any 1 of the previous at
	<ul> <li>Has appropriate headings and correct units</li> </ul>	level.	sound level.	basic level.	elementary level.
Results -	<ul> <li>No units present on the data in the table (in</li> </ul>				
Table	heading only)				
	<ul> <li>Averages included and correct</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Neatly presented and at an extensive level (is</li> </ul>				
	enclosed and has been drawn with ruler).				
	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
10.	• Presented in an appropriate graph for the data	Any 4 of the previous at thorough	Any 3 of the previous at	Any 2 of the previous at	Any 1 of the previous at
_	collected	level.	sound level.	basic level.	elementary level.
Results -	A line of best fit is correctly present				
Graph	Axis' are labelled correctly				
	Units included on the correct axis'				
	<ul> <li>Data plotted correctly and at an extensive level</li> </ul>				
	(use of x to plot data points).	<b>4</b>	2	2	1
	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
11.	An extensive summary of the main findings of the	A thorough summary of the main	A sound summary of the	A basic summary of the	An elementary summary of the
Discussion	investigation given, including trends. Results are	including trands. Becults are	investigation given	aiven Attempted	Scientific terms attempted to a
Eastion 1	at an extensive level. Results linked clearly to	interpreted and examples from the	Sound interpretation of	interpretation of results	basic lovel
(Summary)	hackground research on the tonic. Real world	data given at a thorough lovel. Results	rosults Posults linked to	Scientific terms used and at	basic level.
(Summary)	applications discussed for the results. Scientific terms	linked to background research on the	background research on	a sound level	
	used and at an extensive level	tonic Real world applications	the tonic Real world		
		discussed Scientific terms used and at	annlications identified		
		a thorough level	Scientific terms used and		
			at a sound level		
	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
12.	A judgement about the accuracy of the investigation is	A judgement statement on accuracy	General judgement	General judgement	General judgement statement on
	given, linked to the investigation. Explanation of what	given. Explanation of what makes the	statement on accuracy	statement on accuracy	accuracy given. Some scientific
Discussion –	makes the investigation accurate. Specific examples	investigation accurate. An example	given. Explanation of	given. Identifies what	terms used.
Section 2	from the investigation to support the assessment of the	from the investigation to support the	what makes the	makes the investigation	
(Accuracy)	accuracy of the results given. Scientific terms used and	assessment of the accuracy of the	investigation accurate.	accurate. Some scientific	
	at an extensive level. Explanation of how to improve	results given. Scientific terms used	Scientific terms used and	terms used. Identifies how	
	the accuracy of the investigation extensively given.	and at a thorough level. Explanation	at a sound level.	to improve accuracy.	
		of how to improve the accuracy of the	Identifies how to		
		investigation thoroughly given.	improve accuracy.		
	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark

13.	A judgement about the reliability of the investigation is	A judgement statement on reliability	General judgement	General judgement	General judgement statement on
	given, linked to the investigation. Explanation of what	given. Explanation of what makes the	statement on reliability	statement on reliability	reliability given. Some scientific
Discussion –	makes the investigation reliable. Specific examples	investigation reliable. An example	given. Explanation of	given. Identifies what	terms used.
Section 3	from the investigation to support the assessment of the	from the investigation to support the	what makes the	makes the investigation	
(Reliability)	reliability of the results given. Scientific terms used and	assessment of the reliability of the	investigation reliable.	reliable. Some scientific	
	at an extensive level. Explanation of how to improve	results given. Scientific terms used	Scientific terms used and terms used. Identifies how		
	the reliability of the investigation extensively given.	and at a thorough level. Explanation	at a sound level. to improve reliability.		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	of how to improve the reliability of	Identifies how to	. ,	
		the investigation thoroughly given.	improve reliability.		
	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
14.	A judgement about the validity of the investigation	A judgement statement on validity	General judgement	General judgement	General judgement statement on
	given indicating if it was a fair test. Explains if the	given Explanation of what makes the	statement on validity	statement on validity given	validity given Some scientific terms
Discussion –	investigation is valid including what makes an	investigation valid An example from	given Explanation of	Identifies what makes the	used
Section 4	investigation valid. Explains what variables are	the investigation to support the	what makes the	investigation valid Some	useu.
(Validity)	controlled and how they were controlled. Broblems	assessment of the validity of the	invostigation valid	scientific terms used	
(valiaity)	with the investigation discussed and linked to its	results given. Scientific terms used	Sciontific torms used and	Identifies how to improve	
	validity Specific examples from the investigation to	and at a thorough lovel. Explanation	at a sound lovel	validity	
	support the assessment of the validity of the results	of how to improve the validity of the	Identifies how to	valuty.	
	support the assessment of the valuaty of the results	investigation theroughly given	improve validity		
	lovel	investigation thoroughly given.			
	E marks	4 marks	2 marks	2 marks	1 mark
15	Summary statement of the main results from the	Cummon statement of the main	Summary statement of	Cummon statement of the	Attempts a summary statement of
15.	Summary statement of the main results from the	Summary statement of the main	Summary statement of	Summary statement of the	Attempts a summary statement of
<b>C</b>	Investigation. Explains now the independent variable	results from the investigation. Explains	the main results from the	main results from the	the results from the investigation.
Conclusion	anected the dependent variable. Examples given from	now the independent variable	investigation. Example	investigation. Scientific	
	results. Explains it results support or disprove the	affected the dependent variable.	given from results.	terms used and at a sound	
	hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at an extensive	Example given from results. Explains if	Identifies if results	level.	
		1			
	level.	results support or disprove the	support or disprove the		
	level.	results support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and	support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific		
	level.	results support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a thorough level.	support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a		
	level.	results support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a thorough level.	support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a sound level.		
	level. 5 marks	results support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a thorough level. <b>4 marks</b>	support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a sound level. <b>3 marks</b>	2 marks	1 mark
16.	<ul> <li>Evel.</li> <li>5 marks</li> <li>Reference list present and correct (12 or more</li> </ul>	results support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a thorough level. <b>4 marks</b> Reference list present, 8 or more	support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a sound level. <u>3 marks</u> Reference list present, 6	<b>2 marks</b> Reference list present, 3	<b>1 mark</b> No Reference list present.
16.	<ul> <li><b>5 marks</b></li> <li>Reference list present and correct (12 or more sources used)</li> </ul>	results support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a thorough level. <b>4 marks</b> Reference list present, 8 or more sources.	support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a sound level. <u>3 marks</u> Reference list present, 6 or more sources.	2 marks Reference list present, 3 sources.	<b>1 mark</b> No Reference list present. More than 13 errors.
16. Report –	<ul> <li>Ievel.</li> <li>5 marks</li> <li>Reference list present and correct (12 or more sources used)</li> <li>Minimal spelling, punctuation and grammatical</li> </ul>	results support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a thorough level. <b>4 marks</b> Reference list present, 8 or more sources. 4-7 errors.	support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a sound level. <b>3 marks</b> Reference list present, 6 or more sources. 8-10 errors.	2 marks Reference list present, 3 sources. 11-12 errors.	<b>1 mark</b> No Reference list present. More than 13 errors.
16. Report – Overall	<ul> <li>Ievel.</li> <li>5 marks</li> <li>Reference list present and correct (12 or more sources used)</li> <li>Minimal spelling, punctuation and grammatical errors (2-3)</li> </ul>	results support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a thorough level. <b>4 marks</b> Reference list present, 8 or more sources. 4-7 errors.	support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a sound level. <b>3 marks</b> Reference list present, 6 or more sources. 8-10 errors.	2 marks Reference list present, 3 sources. 11-12 errors.	<b>1 mark</b> No Reference list present. More than 13 errors.
16. Report – Overall Presentation	<ul> <li>Ievel.</li> <li>5 marks</li> <li>Reference list present and correct (12 or more sources used)</li> <li>Minimal spelling, punctuation and grammatical errors (2-3)</li> <li>Follows report format extensively</li> </ul>	results support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a thorough level. <b>4 marks</b> Reference list present, 8 or more sources. 4-7 errors.	support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a sound level. <u>3 marks</u> Reference list present, 6 or more sources. 8-10 errors.	2 marks Reference list present, 3 sources. 11-12 errors.	<b>1 mark</b> No Reference list present. More than 13 errors.
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16. Report – Overall Presentation 17.	<ul> <li>5 marks</li> <li>Reference list present and correct (12 or more sources used)</li> <li>Minimal spelling, punctuation and grammatical errors (2-3)</li> <li>Follows report format extensively</li> <li>5 marks</li> <li>Appendix supplied and correct raw data included</li> </ul>	results support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a thorough level. 4 marks Reference list present, 8 or more sources. 4-7 errors. 4 marks	support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a sound level. <b>3 marks</b> Reference list present, 6 or more sources. 8-10 errors. <b>3 marks</b>	2 marks Reference list present, 3 sources. 11-12 errors. 2 marks Appendix attempted	1 mark No Reference list present. More than 13 errors. 1 mark
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16. Report – Overall Presentation 17. Appendix	<ul> <li>Ievel.</li> <li>5 marks</li> <li>Reference list present and correct (12 or more sources used)</li> <li>Minimal spelling, punctuation and grammatical errors (2-3)</li> <li>Follows report format extensively</li> <li>5 marks</li> <li>Appendix supplied and correct raw data included</li> <li>Thoroughly labelled</li> </ul>	results support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a thorough level. 4 marks Reference list present, 8 or more sources. 4-7 errors. 4 marks	support or disprove the hypothesis. Scientific terms used and at a sound level. <b>3 marks</b> Reference list present, 6 or more sources. 8-10 errors. <b>3 marks</b>	2 marks Reference list present, 3 sources. 11-12 errors. 2 marks Appendix attempted Raw data included	1 mark No Reference list present. More than 13 errors. 1 mark

Outcomes								
PH12 – 1	PH12 – 2		PH12 – 3		PH12 –	6 & PH12 – 12	PH1	2 – 5
(Sections 1,2,3)	(Sections 4,5,6	,7)	(Sections 8,	9, 10)	(Section	ns 11, 12, 13,	(Seo	ctions 15, 16, 17)
		4 5		4 5	14)			40
= 13	=	15	=	15	_	20	=	12
					-	20		
Total =	75							
Total Grade	A		В	С		D		E
	75 – 66	6	5 – 56	55 – 2	20	19 – 9		8 – 0

**Teacher Feedback:**