

ORANGE HIGH SCHOOL

ASSESSMENT TASK NOTIFICATION

Subject	Biology – Task 1
Year	11 (Preliminary HSC)
Weighting	30%
Teacher	Ms Huggett, Ms Loud
Head Teacher	Ms Huggett
Date given	Week 5A, Term 2 2024
Date and school week	Friday 2 ^{1st} June, 2024 – Week 8B, Term 2

Assessment Outline

- To complete this task, you are required to conduct quadrat and/or transect sampling to gather data on an investigation of your choice. The investigation should address the question:
 - "How does a human influenced factor impact a biotic factor at Narabeen Rock Platform?"
 - "How does an abiotic factor impact a biotic factor at Narabeen Rock Platform?"
 - "How does a biotic factor impact another biotic factor at Narabeen Rock Platform?"
- The practical investigation will be performed at Narabeen Rock Platform, in small groups. Data will be collected on the day and can then be edited when producing the formal investigation report.
- Students will then be required to analyse and interpret the data collected from the Narabeen Rock Platform sampling and present it in the format of a formal written scientific report (see provided scaffold).
- All students are expected to attend the field study excursion to collect their own data. However, if you are unable to attend, data will be provided to you to complete the assessment.

Non-completion of Task:

If you know you are going to be away on the day that the task is due, you must make alternative arrangements with your classroom teacher beforehand. If you are away on the day the task is due, you must contact your classroom teacher or Head Teacher on your return to school make alternate arrangements. Documentation will be required in both cases.

Failure to follow the above procedures may result in a zero award.

Plagiarism:

Plagiarism - using the work of others without acknowledgement - will incur serious penalties and may result in a zero award. Any cheating will also incur penalties.

Failure to follow the above procedures may result in a zero award. The policies and procedures that are outlined in the HSC Assessment Book will be followed regarding the non-completion of assessments.

Outcomes Assessed

- $\textbf{BIO11-1} \ \ \text{Develops and evaluates questions and hypotheses for scientific investigation}$
- BIO11 2 Designs and evaluates investigations in order to obtain primary and secondary data and information
- BIO11 3 Conducts investigations to collect valid and reliable primary and secondary data and information
- BIO 11-4 Selects and processes appropriate qualitative and quantitative data and information using a range of appropriate media
- **BIO11 5** Analyses and evaluates primary and secondary data and information
- BIO11 6 Solves scientific problems using primary and secondary data, critical thinking skills and scientific processes
- BIO11-7 Communicates scientific understanding using suitable language and terminology for a specific audience or purpose
- **BIO11 –10** describes biological diversity by explaining the relationships between a range of organisms in terms of specialisation for selected habitats and evolution of species

Scientific Report Writing Scaffold:

To write your formal scientific report written using third person language you must include the following:

Formal Title – A statement that is specific, and informs the reader of the investigation that was conducted.

(1 Sentence)

Abstract – An abbreviated version of your final report, usually **only one paragraph in length**. An abstract should have the following five pieces:

- **Introduction**. This is where you describe the purpose of the investigation with reference to background research surrounding the topic being investigated.
- **Problem Statement**. Identify the hypothesis that was investigated.
- **Procedures**. What was your approach for investigating the problem? Don't go into detail about materials unless they were critical to your success. Do describe the most important variables.
- Results. What answer did you obtain? Be specific and use numbers to describe your results. Do not
 use vague terms like "most" or "some."
- Conclusions. State what the investigation contributes to the area you worked in. Did you meet your objectives?

Aim – what was the purpose of the investigation? (1 Sentence)

Literature Review – A literature review is a critical account of what has been published on a topic by accredited researchers. It should provide a clear statement of the topic area (scope), a range of research on the topic, provide an indication of what further research is necessary and identify areas of controversy in the literature. Reviewing the literature requires four stages (1-2 paragraphs):

- 1. Problem formulation Which topic is being examined and why? What aspects will be included/excluded? Define your scope.
- 2. Literature search Identifying relevant research
- 3. Critical analysis Criticise the experts; identify conflicting evidence, assumptions, errors and misconceptions
- 4. Evaluation which authors are most convincing and provide the most significant scientific contribution? Have I conducted a fair and objective literature review?

Hypothesis - A tentative explanation for an observed phenomenon, expressed as a precise and unambiguous statement that can be supported or refuted by investigation. A hypothesis is based on prior knowledge and clearly identifies how the independent variable will affect the dependent variable.

(1-2 Sentences)

Equipment list – a detailed list of **all equipment** used to perform the investigation.

Variables Identified – Correctly identify the variables in the experiment including; independent, dependent and controlled variables. **(1-2 Sentences per variable)**

Risk Assessment – Students are to conduct a risk assessment of the investigation. At least 3 risks should be included, and three control measures (1 Sentence/ control measure). The risk assessment should be presented as a table. (see below)

Hazard:	Risk:	Minimisation Strategy:
	Risk 1	
	Risk 2	
	Risk 3	

Method – Create a method on how the investigation was conducted. You must include the method in your report. Your method will need to include any changes that were made to the way the investigation was conducted. It should be in step form, provide clear logical instructions, include how/what equipment is used to collect the data, and include repetition. This must be written using third person language and in past tense.

(Half a page)

Results (table) - First-hand data should be presented in appropriate table(s). All tables should be labelled. More detail can be found within the marking criteria. Table should contain transformed, not raw data.

(Half a page/table)

Results (graphs) Make sure that your graphs have appropriate heading, labels on the axis, even scales, and appropriate units. You may draw your graphs using a computer program (excel) or by hand.

(Half a page/graph)

Discussion - This is the section in which you analyse your results. Your discussion should have at least 4 sections of a minimum of **one paragraph in length per section**.

<u>Section 1:</u> This is the section in which you interpret your results. You should refer directly to the data that was gathered and analyse it using your graph. You should look for trends and discuss why they have occurred. You can link this to your background research to further indicate your understanding of why this trend has occurred.

Section 2: This is the section in which you analyse the accuracy and precision of the data you collected. It is a good idea to give a definition of each term before you start discussing how your investigation performed. You also need to make sure that you provide evidence (specific examples) of how your investigation was/wasn't accurate or precise. You should also include how you could improve the investigation to increase accuracy and precision.

Section 3: This is the section in which you analyse the reliability of the data you collected. It is a good idea to give a definition of the term before you start discussing how your investigation performed. You also need to make sure that you provide evidence (specific examples) of how your investigation was/wasn't reliable. You should also include how you could improve the investigation to increase reliability.

<u>Section 4:</u> This is the section in which you analyse the validity of the data you collected. It is a good idea to give a definition of the term before you start discussing how your investigation performed. You also need to make sure that you provide evidence (specific examples) of how your investigation was/wasn't valid. You should also include how you could improve the investigation to increase validity.

Conclusion – **A paragraph** summarising the main findings of the investigation. A concluding paragraph should refer to the aim of the investigation and state whether the hypothesis was supported or not supported, and the consequences/implications of this. Your conclusion may identify an area of potential future research based on your investigation. Your conclusion should always be based on evidence and refer directly to evidence from your investigation.

Reference list – This is where you include any references that you used/referred to in your investigation. You should try to use references in your background information section and in your discussion. Please see addition information on how to reference using an Author-Date referencing style (Scaffold provided).

(Check marking criteria for minimum number of sources required)

Appendix/appendices – An appendix is always included in a scientific investigation. An appendix is where you include any calculations (if any) that you made during your investigation, any additional data that you collected, your raw data collected in the investigation (this is where you put your messy table from when you actually conducted the investigation), any additional data manipulation that isn't required in the main results section. You can also include pictures of your investigation set up from the field study sampling.

Bibliography Scaffold:

BOOKS					
Author(s)	Date of publication in brackets	Title of book in italics	Name of publisher		
Example:					
Keay, J.	(2000).	The Great Arc.	Harper Collins.		
WEBSITES					
Author	Date published if available	Title of Article	Title of website in italics	From URL	Date accessed
	If no date available write (n.d.)				
Example: Landsberger, J.		Citing Websites.	In Study Guides and Strategies.	http://www.studygs .net/citation.htm.	(Accessed: 28 July 2022)
	(n.d.)				
MAGAZINES					
Author	Date	Title of Article	Name of Magazine	Volume, issue, pag	ges
Example:	(2006,	Should they stay or should	Time	<i>167</i> (15), 3-40.	
Tumulty, K	April).	they go?			
PERSONAL CONVERSATIONS AND EMAILS					
Person's name	Date	How you know them	Nature of communication		
Example: Mr B. Rock	12/7/16	Geologist and uncle	email		
VIDEOS, DVDS, TV SHOWS ETC					
Producer and writer / director or for youtube the person who uploaded video	Date	Title and type of resource	Country and company producing video / or the URL		
Example: Fothergill, A. (producer), Attenborough, D. (narrator).	(2005)	The Blue Planet – Coral Seas [DVD]	UK, BBC.		

Marking Rubric: Practical: Quadrat/Transect Sampling. How does a biotic/abiotic factor impact a biotic factor at Lake Canobolas?

NAN	ΛE:							

Criteria:	Outcome	!	Outstanding (A)	High (B)	Sound (C)	Basic (D)	Limited (E)
1. Title	BIO 11-1	/1			Title is a specific statement about the investigation 2 marks		
2. Abstract	BIO 11-10		 Clear explanation of the project. Detailed and sophisticated explanation of the topic area of study. 	 Clear explanation of project. Detailed explanation of the topic area of study. 	 Explanation of project given. Explanation of topic area of study. 	Explanation of project. Basic explanation of the topic area.	 Explanation of project given.
		/5	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
3. Aim	BIO 11-1				 Detailed scientific aim given, includes the independent and dependent variable 	 Aim attempted with reference to a correct variable 	
		/2			2 marks	1 marks	
4. Literature Review	BIO 11-10		 Outstanding summary of key background information and research from a wide range of scientific and credible sources. Multiple factors relating to the investigation are extensively researched. 	 Summary of key background information and research from scientific and credible sources. Multiple factors relating to the investigation are researched. 	 Summary of some background information and research from credible sources. Factors relating to the investigation are researched. 	Some background information and research included Related to investigation	• Some information written
		/5	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 marks
5. Hypothesis	BIO 11-1		 Predict what you think will happen. State how the changing the independent variable will affect the dependent variable 				 Prediction attempted
		/2	2 marks				1 mark

6.	BIO11-2	Sophisticated and completed list of		List of most of the		Simple list of some of
Equipment	5.011 2	all equipment used		equipment used		the equipment used
list						
		3 marks		2 marks		1 mark
4.		Controlled variables – correct (4 or	Any 4 of the previous at	Any 3 of the previous at a	Any 2 of the previous at basic	Any 1 of the previous at
		more)	thorough level.	satisfactory level.	level.	elementary level.
Variable in		 Independent variable – correct 				
the		Dependent variable – correct				
investigation		Scientific language used				
		At an extensive level.				
	1	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
6.		List all safety issues (3 or more) with	List all safety issues (3 or more)	List some safety issues (2)	List some safety issues (2)	List some safety issues (1)
		conducting the investigation	with conducting the	with conducting the	with conducting the	with conducting the
Safety		Explain how each issue was solved or	investigation	investigation	investigation	investigation
		reduced	Explain how each issue was	Explain how each issue was	Attempts to explain how	Attempts to explain how
		At an extensive level.	solved or reduced	solved or reduced	each issue was solved or	issue was solved or reduced
			At a thorough level.	At a satisfactory level.	reduced At a basic level.	At an elementary level.
		5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	At a basic level.	1 mark
		Jillarks	4 marks	3 illaiks	2 marks	Tillaik
7.	1	Clear and logical method in third	Any 4 of the previous at	Any 3 of the previous at a	Any 2 of the previous at basic	Any 1 of the previous at
		person	thorough level.	satisfactory level.	level.	elementary level.
Method		Need to be in correct order, detailed				
		and in numbered steps	No use of "I" or "we".			
		Include how the dependent variable				
		will be measured, along with any				
		other variables				
		 Include how many times the 				
		experiment will be repeated				
		Scientific terms used and at an				
	/18	extensive level. No use of "I" or				
	/18	"we". (past tense)] .] .] .	
	<u> </u>	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark

8.	BIO11-3		•	Presented in an appropriate table	Any 4 of the previous at	Any 3 of the previous at a	Any 2 of the previous at basic	Any 1 of the previous at
			•	Has appropriate headings and	thorough level.	satisfactory level.	level.	elementary level.
Results -				correct units				
Table			•	No units present on the data in the				
				table (in heading only)				
			•	Averages included and correct				
			•	Neatly presented and at an				
				extensive level (is enclosed and has				
				been drawn with ruler).				
		/5		5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
9.	BIO11-4		•	Presented in an appropriate graph	Any 4 of the previous at	Any 3 of the previous at a	Any 2 of the previous at basic	Any 1 of the previous at
				for the data collected	thorough level.	satisfactory level.	level.	elementary level.
Results -			•	A line or curve of best fit is correctly				
Graph				present				
			•	Axis' are labelled correctly				
			•	Units included on the correct axis'				
			•	Data plotted correctly and at an				
				extensive level (use of x to plot data				
				points).				
		/5		5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
10.	BIO11-5		•	A summary of the main findings of	Any 4 of the previous at	Any 3 of the previous at	Any 2 of the previous at basic	Any 1 of the previous at
				the investigation given, including	thorough level.	satisfactory level.	level.	elementary level.
Discussion –				trends.				
Section 1			•	Results are interpreted and specific				
			_	examples from the data given				
			•	Results link to background research				
			_	on the topic. Real world applications discussed				
			•	for the results?				
			•	Scientific terms used and at an				
				extensive level.				
				5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
11.	†		•	A judgement about the accuracy of	Any 4 of the previous at	Any 3 of the previous at high	Any 2 of the previous at basic	Any 1 of the previous at
11.				the investigation is given.	thorough level.	level.	level.	elementary level.
Discussion –			•	Explanation of what makes an	anorough level.	icvei.	icvei.	Ciementary level.
Section 2				investigation (any) accurate?				
J. J			•	Specific examples from the				
				investigation to support the				
				assessment of the accuracy of the				
				results given.				
			•	Scientific terms used and at an				
				extensive level.				
			•	How could you improve the				
				accuracy of the investigation?				
				, 5				
				5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark

12.			A judgement about the reliability of	Any 4 of the previous at	Any 3 of the previous at high	Any 2 of the previous at basic	Any 1 of the previous at
			the investigation is given.	thorough level.	level.	level.	elementary level.
Discussion –		- 1	 Explanation of what makes an 	thorough level.	icvei.	icvei.	ciementary level.
Section 3			investigation (any) reliable?				
Section 3			 Specific examples from the 				
			investigation to support the				
			assessment of the reliability of the				
			results given.				
			 Scientific terms used and at an 				
			extensive level.				
			How would improve the reliability				
			of the investigation? 5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
		⊢					
13.		- 1	A judgement about the validity of	Any 4 of the previous at	Any 3 of the previous at high	Any 2 of the previous at basic	Any 1 of the previous at
<u>.</u>			the investigation given. Was it a fair	thorough level.	level.	level.	elementary level.
Discussion –			test?				
Section 4		- 1	• Explains if investigation is valid?				
			What makes an investigation valid?				
		1	Explains what variables are				
			controlled and how they were				
			controlled				
		1	Problems with the investigation				
			discussed and linked to its validity				
			Specific examples from the				
			investigation to support the				
		/20	assessment of the validity of the				
	/	/20	results and scientific terms used				
			and at an extensive level.	4 manufa	2 manuta	2 manuta	1
	DIO11 C	_	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
14.	BIO11-6		Summary statement of the main	Any 4 of the previous at	Any 3 of the previous at high	Any 2 of the previous at basic	Any 1 of the previous at
			results from the investigation.	thorough level.	level.	level.	elementary level.
Conclusion		- 1	How did the independent variable				
			affect the dependent variable?				
			• Examples given from results.				
			Explains if results support or				
			disprove the hypothesis?				
		- 1	Scientific terms used and at an				
		, <u> </u>	extensive level.	A and a	2	2	4 made
15	DIO11 7	/5	5 marks	4 marks	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark
15.	BIO11-7		 Reference list present and correct (10 or more sources used) 	Reference list present 8 or more sources.	Reference list present 6 or	Reference list present 3	List of URLs used
Report			 Follows report format extensively 	more sources.	more sources.	sources.	
-Overall			 All sections of report are addressed 				
Presentation		- 1					
Presentation			at appropriate level of detail				

16.	11BIO-11	Appendix supplied and correct	Appendix supplied and	Appendix supplied and
		Data in appendix shows	correct	correct
Appendix		relationships between 2 or more	Data in appendix shows	
		organisms	relationship between	
		Impact of abiotic factors evident in	ecosystem organisms or	
		appendix data	an ecosystem organism	
			and an abiotic factor	
	/3	3 marks	2 marks	1 mark

Outcome	BIO11-1		BIO11-2	BIO11-3	BIO11-4	BIO11-5	BIO11-6	BIO11-7	BIO11-10	BIO11-11
Mark		/5	/18	/5	/5	/20	/5	/5	/10	/3
Total Mark:	_/76			-						

Teacher Feedback: